CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 5351

Chapter 49, Laws of 1995

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

Family day-care providers' home facilities--Certification

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/23/95

Passed by the Senate March 7, 1995 YEAS 48 NAYS 0

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 5, 1995 YEAS 97 NAYS 0

CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 17, 1995

CERTIFICATE

I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5351** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

MARTY BROWN

Secretary

FILED

April 17, 1995 - 3:49 p.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SENATE BILL 5351

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Senators Wojahn, Winsley, Haugen, McCaslin and Drew

Read first time 01/20/95. Referred to Committee on Government Operations.

AN ACT Relating to requirements of cities regarding certification of family day-care provider's home facilities; and amending RCW 3 35.63.185, 35A.63.215, and 36.70A.450.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 35.63.185 and 1994 c 273 s 14 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 No city may enact, enforce, or maintain an ordinance, development 8 regulation, zoning regulation, or official control, policy, or 9 administrative practice which prohibits the use of a residential 10 dwelling, located in an area zoned for residential or commercial use, 11 as a family day-care provider's home facility.

12 A city may require that the facility: (1) Comply with all 13 building, fire, safety, health code, and business licensing 14 requirements; (2) conform to lot size, building size, setbacks, and lot 15 coverage standards applicable to the zoning district except if the structure is a legal nonconforming structure; (3) is certified by the 16 17 ((state department of licensing)) office of child care policy licensor as providing a safe passenger loading area; (4) include signage, if 18 19 any, that conforms to applicable regulations; and (5) limit hours of operations to facilitate neighborhood compatibility, while also
providing appropriate opportunity for persons who use family day-care
and who work a nonstandard work shift.

4 A city may also require that the family day-care provider, before 5 state licensing, require proof of written notification by the provider that the immediately adjoining property owners have been informed of 6 the intent to locate and maintain such a facility. If a dispute arises 7 8 between neighbors and the family day-care provider over licensing 9 requirements, the licensor may provide a forum to resolve the dispute. 10 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a city from imposing zoning conditions on the establishment and maintenance of a 11 family day-care provider's home in an area zoned for residential or 12 13 commercial use, so long as such conditions are no more restrictive than conditions imposed on other residential dwellings in the same zone and 14 15 the establishment of such facilities is not precluded. As used in this section, "family day-care provider" is as defined in RCW 74.15.020. 16

17 **Sec. 2.** RCW 35A.63.215 and 1994 c 273 s 16 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

No city may enact, enforce, or maintain an ordinance, development regulation, zoning regulation, or official control, policy, or administrative practice which prohibits the use of a residential dwelling, located in an area zoned for residential or commercial use, as a family day-care provider's home facility.

24 A city may require that the facility: (1) Comply with all safety, health code, and business 25 building, fire, licensing requirements; (2) conform to lot size, building size, setbacks, and lot 26 coverage standards applicable to the zoning district except if the 27 structure is a legal nonconforming structure; (3) is certified by the 28 29 ((state department of licensing)) office of child care policy licensor as providing a safe passenger loading area; (4) include signage, if 30 any, that conforms to applicable regulations; and (5) limit hours of 31 32 operations to facilitate neighborhood compatibility, while also providing appropriate opportunity for persons who use family day-care 33 34 and who work a nonstandard work shift.

A city may also require that the family day-care provider, before state licensing, require proof of written notification by the provider that the immediately adjoining property owners have been informed of the intent to locate and maintain such a facility. If a dispute arises

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between neighbors and the family day-care provider over licensing 1 2 requirements, the licensor may provide a forum to resolve the dispute. 3 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a city from 4 imposing zoning conditions on the establishment and maintenance of a 5 family day-care provider's home in an area zoned for residential or commercial use, so long as such conditions are no more restrictive than 6 7 conditions imposed on other residential dwellings in the same zone and 8 the establishment of such facilities is not precluded. As used in this 9 section, "family day-care provider" is as defined in RCW 74.15.020.

10 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.70A.450 and 1994 c 273 s 17 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

No city that plans or elects to plan under this chapter may enact, enforce, or maintain an ordinance, development regulation, zoning regulation, or official control, policy, or administrative practice which prohibits the use of a residential dwelling, located in an area zoned for residential or commercial use, as a family day-care provider's home facility.

18 A city may require that the facility: (1) Comply with all 19 building, fire, safety, health code, and business licensing requirements; (2) conform to lot size, building size, setbacks, and lot 20 21 coverage standards applicable to the zoning district except if the 22 structure is a legal nonconforming structure; (3) is certified by the 23 ((state department of licensing)) office of child care policy licensor 24 as providing a safe passenger loading area; (4) include signage, if 25 any, that conforms to applicable regulations; and (5) limit hours of operations to facilitate neighborhood compatibility, while also 26 providing appropriate opportunity for persons who use family day-care 27 and who work a nonstandard work shift. 28

29 A city may also require that the family day-care provider, before 30 state licensing, require proof of written notification by the provider that the immediately adjoining property owners have been informed of 31 the intent to locate and maintain such a facility. If a dispute arises 32 33 between neighbors and the family day-care provider over licensing 34 requirements, the licensor may provide a forum to resolve the dispute. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a city that 35 36 plans or elects to plan under this chapter from imposing zoning 37 conditions on the establishment and maintenance of a family day-care 38 provider's home in an area zoned for residential or commercial use, so

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- 1 long as such conditions are no more restrictive than conditions imposed
- 2 on other residential dwellings in the same zone and the establishment
- 3 of such facilities is not precluded. As used in this section, "family
- 4 day-care provider" is as defined in RCW 74.15.020.

Passed the Senate March 7, 1995. Passed the House April 5, 1995. Approved by the Governor April 17, 1995. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 17, 1995.

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